

Produced Water (Sour)

Date of Preparation: August 1, 2023

Section 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Produced Water (Sour)

Synonyms: Sour water; Produced water; Produced Water (Sour).

Product Use: Waste water stream from gas and oil processing plants.

Restrictions on Use: Not available.

Manufacturer/Supplier: Caledonian Midstream Corp. Suite 2110 – 555 4th Ave. S.W.

Calgary, Alberta, T2P 3E7

Phone Number: (403) 532-8800

Emergency Phone: 1 (855) 864-5711

Date of Preparation of SDS: August 1, 2023

Section 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

GHS INFORMATION

Classification: Acute Toxicity - Inhalation, Category 2

Eye Irritation, Category 2A

LABEL ELEMENTS

Hazard

Pictogram(s):



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Fatal if inhaled.

Statements: Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Do not breathe mist, vapours, or spray.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

Wear respiratory protection.

Response: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.



Produced Water (Sour)

Date of Preparation: August 1, 2023

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regional, national

and local laws and regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: Not applicable.

Ingredients with Unknown Toxicity: None.

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, (29 CFR 1910.1200).

This material is considered hazardous by the Hazardous Products Regulations.

Section 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS				
Ingredient(s)	Common name / Synonyms	CAS No.	% wt./wt.	
Water	Not available.	7732-18-5	60 - 100	
Sodium chloride (NaCl)	Not available.	7647-14-5	1 - 5	
Calcium chloride (CaCl2)	Not available.	10043-52-4	1 - 5	
Magnesium chloride (MgCl2)	Not available.	7786-30-3	< 1	
Hydrogen sulfide (H2S)	Hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	< 0.1	
Petroleum	Not available.	8002-05-9	< 0.1	
Benzene	Not available.	71-43-2	< 0.1	

Section 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation:

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. This product contains Hydrogen sulphide which may accumulate in confined spaces. Inhalation of Hydrogen sulphide may cause loss of sense of smell, major irritation of the respiratory tract, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and fluid buildup in the lungs (pulmonary edema), which can be fatal. At 300 ppm unconsciousness may occur after 20 minutes. From 300 to 500 ppm, death can occur within minutes of continuous exposure. Above 500 ppm Hydrogen sulphide may cause instantaneous loss of consciousness and immediate death.

Eye Contact:

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Causes serious eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision. Hydrogen sulphide may cause eye irritation at 1-20 ppm and acute conjunctivitis at higher concentrations. Above 50 ppm H2S, eye irritation may include symptoms of redness, severe swelling, tearing, sensitivity to light and the appearance of 'Halos' around lights.



Date of Preparation: August 1, 2023

Skin Contact: If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Call a poison center or doctor if you

feel unwell.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May cause skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching.

Ingestion: If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. If vomiting

occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset,

nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

General Advice: In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately

(show the label or SDS where possible).

Note to Physicians: Symptoms may not appear immediately. For inhalation of Hydrogen

Sulphide, consider oxygen.

Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABILITY AND EXPLOSION INFORMATION

Not flammable or combustible by OSHA/WHMIS criteria. When heated, this material may evolve toxic and flammable Hydrogen sulphide. This product may also contain and release flammable Methane gas.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: This material is not sensitive to mechanical impact.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge: This material is not sensitive to static discharge.

MEANS OF EXTINCTION

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use appropriate extinguishing media for surrounding fire.

Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Not available.

Products of Combustion: Oxides of carbon. Oxides of sulphur. Aldehydes.

Protection of Firefighters: Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.

Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution. Hydrogen sulphide is heavier than air and may collect in low lying areas and confined spaces. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters'

protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures: Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low

areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. ELIMINATE all

ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in

immediate area).

Personal Precautions: Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal

protection recommended in Section 8. Don full-face, positive

pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus.



Date of Preparation: August 1, 2023

Environmental Precautions: Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways.

Methods for Containment: Stop leak if without risk. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter

waterways.

Methods for Clean-Up: Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible

material and transfer to containers.

Other Information: See Section 13 for disposal considerations.

Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Do not swallow. Do not breathe mist, vapours, or spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Harmful concentrations of hydrogen sulfide (H2S) gas can accumulate in excavations and low-lying areas as well as the vapour space of storage and bulk transport compartments. See Section 8 for information on Personal Protective Equipment.

Storage:

Limit quantity of material in storage. Restrict access to storage area. Post appropriate warning signs. Keep storage area separate from populated work areas. Consider leak detection and alarm systems, as required. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Store away from incompatible materials. See Section 10 for information on Incompatible Materials. Keep out of the reach of children. Head spaces in storage containers may contain toxic hydrogen sulphide gas. Structural materials and lighting and ventilation systems should be corrosion resistant.

Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines Component

Water [CAS No. 7732-18-5]

ACGIH: No TLV established. **OSHA:** No PEL established.

Sodium chloride [CAS No. 7647-14-5]

ACGIH: No TLV established. **OSHA:** No PEL established.

Calcium chloride anhydrous [CAS No. 10043-52-4]

ACGIH: No TLV established. **OSHA:** No PEL established.

Magnesium chloride anhydrous [CAS No. 7786-30-3]

ACGIH: No TLV established. **OSHA:** No PEL established.

Hydrogen sulphide [CAS No. 7783-06-4]

ACGIH: 1 ppm (TWA); 5 ppm (STEL); (2009);

OSHA: 20 ppm (C); 50 ppm (Peak) (Maximum duration: 10 mins. once only if no other

meas. exp. occurs.)

10 ppm (TWA); 15 ppm (STEL) [Vacated];



Produced Water (Sour)

Date of Preparation: August 1, 2023

Petroleum [CAS No. 8002-05-9]

ACGIH: No TLV established.

OSHA: 500 ppm (TWA), 2000 mg/m³ (TWA);

400 ppm (TWA) [Vacated];

Benzene [CAS No. 71-43-2]

ACGIH: 0.5 ppm (TWA); 2.5 ppm (STEL); Skin; A1; BEI (1996)

OSHA: 1 ppm (TWA); 5 ppm (STEL);

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit TLV: Threshold Limit Value TWA: Time-Weighted Average STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit

C: Ceiling

Engineering Controls: Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels

of dust, fume, vapour, gas, etc.) below recommended

exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)









Eye/Face Protection: Wear safety glasses. Ensure that eyewash stations are

close to the workstation location. Use equipment for eye protection that meets the standards referenced by CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.3-92 and OSHA regulations in 29

CFR 1910.133 for Personal Protective Equipment.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves. Consult manufacturer specifications

for further information.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: Wear respiratory protection. If engineering controls and

ventilation are not sufficient to control exposure to below the allowable limits then an appropriate NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator that meets the requirements of CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.4-11, or self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Supplied air breathing apparatus must be used when oxygen concentrations are low or if airborne concentrations exceed the limits of the air-purifying

respirators.

General Hygiene Considerations: Handle according to established industrial hygiene and

safety practices. Consult a competent industrial hygienist to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to

ensure adequate protection.



Produced Water (Sour)

Date of Preparation: August 1, 2023

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Dirty/hazy liquid.

Colour: Colourless to muddy/brown.

Odour: Slight petroleum. Rotten eggs.

Odour Threshold: 0.0047 ppm (Hydrogen sulphide)

Physical State: Liquid. pH: 6 to 10

Melting Point / Freezing

Point:

0 °C (32 °F) (Water)

Initial Boiling Point: Not available.

Boiling Range: 100 °C (212 °F) (Water)

Flash Point: Not available. **Evaporation Rate:** 1 (Water = 1)Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable. **Lower Flammability Limit:** Not available.

Upper Flammability Limit: Not available.

Vapor Pressure: 16 mmHg at 20 °C (68 °F)

Vapor Density: Not available.

Relative Density: 1.000 to 1.100 (Water = 1)

Solubilities: Insoluble in water.

Partition Coefficient: n-

Octanol/Water:

Not available.

Auto-ignition Temperature: Not available. **Decomposition**

Temperature:

Not available.

Viscosity: Not available. Percent Volatile, wt. %: Not available. VOC content, wt. %: Not available.

Density: 1000 to 1100 kg/m³

Coefficient of Water/Oil

Distribution:

Not available.

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to

heat.

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal storage conditions.



Date of Preparation: August 1, 2023

Possibility of Hazardous

Reactions:

Not available.

Conditions to Avoid: Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to

heat.

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Hydrogen chloride. Hazardous sulphur dioxide, and

related oxides of sulphur may be generated upon

combustion.

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EFFECTS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE

Product Toxicity

Oral: Not available.

Dermal: Not available.

Inhalation: Not available.

Component Toxicity

Component Water	CAS No. 7732-18-5	LD ₅₀ oral > 90 mL/kg (rat)	LD ₅₀ dermal Not available.	LC ₅₀ Not available.
Sodium chloride	7647-14-5	3000 mg/kg (rat)	> 10000 mg/kg	> 42000 mg/m³ (rat);
Calcium chloride	10043-52-4	1000 mg/kg (rat)	(rabbit) Not available.	1H Not available.
Magnesium chloride	7786-30-3	2800 mg/kg (rat)	Not available.	Not available.
Hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	Not available.	Not available.	444 ppm (rat); 4H
Petroleum	8002-05-9	4300 mg/kg (rat)	Not available.	Not available.
Benzene	71-43-2	930 mg/kg (rat)	> 9400 µL/kg (rabbit)	10000 ppm (rat); 7H

Likely Routes of Exposure: Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation. Ingestion. Skin absorption.

Target Organs: Skin. Eyes. Gastrointestinal tract. Respiratory system. Lungs.

Blood. Cardiovascular system. Bone marrow. Liver. Reproductive

system. Central nervous system.

Symptoms (including delayed and immediate effects)

Inhalation:

Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. This product contains Hydrogen sulphide which may accumulate in confined spaces. Inhalation of Hydrogen sulphide may cause loss of sense of smell, major irritation of the respiratory tract, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and fluid buildup in the lungs (pulmonary edema), which can be fatal. At 300 ppm unconsciousness may occur after 20 minutes. From 300 to 500 ppm, death can occur within minutes of continuous exposure. Above 500 ppm Hydrogen sulphide may cause instantaneous loss of consciousness and immediate death.



Produced Water (Sour)

Date of Preparation: August 1, 2023

Eye: Causes serious eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain,

tearing, and blurred or hazy vision. Hydrogen sulphide may cause eye irritation at 1-20 ppm and acute conjunctivitis at higher concentrations. Above 50 ppm H2S, eye irritation may include symptoms of redness, severe swelling, tearing, sensitivity

to light and the appearance of 'Halos' around lights.

Skin: May cause skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling,

and itching.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain,

stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Skin Sensitization: Not available.

Respiratory Sensitization: Not available.

Medical Conditions Not available.

Aggravated By Exposure:

EFFECTS OF CHRONIC EXPOSURE (from short and long-term exposure)

Target Organs: Skin. Eves. Gastrointestinal tract. Respiratory system. Lungs. Blood.

Cardiovascular system. Bone marrow. Liver. Reproductive system.

Central nervous system.

Chronic Effects: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Long

term inhalation of Benzene vapours can result in bone marrow abnormalities with damage to blood forming tissues and may cause anemia and other blood cell abnormalities. Immunodepressive effects have also been reported. Hydrogen sulphide may reduce lung function; cause neurological effects such as headaches, nausea, depression and personality changes; eye and mucous membrane irritation; and damage to cardiovascular system. Repeated dermal application of crude oils in rats produced systemic toxicity in blood, liver, thymus and

bone marrow.

Carcinogenicity: Product is not classified as a carcinogen. See Component

Carcinogenicity table below for information on individual components. Lifetime skin painting studies in animals with whole crude oils and crude oil fractions have produced tumours in animals following prolonged and repeated skin contact. Chronic exposure to benzene has been associated with an increased incidence of leukemia and multiple myeloma (tumour composed of cells of the type normally

found in the bone marrow).

Component Carcinogenicity

IARC NTP Component ACGIH **OSHA** Prop 65 Petroleum Not listed. Not listed. Group 3 Not listed. OSHA Carcinogen. Benzene Α1 Group 1 List 1 OSHA Carcinogen. Listed.

Mutagenicity: Not available.

Reproductive Effects: Studies exist which report a link to crude oil and reproductive effects

including menstrual disorders.



Date of Preparation: August 1, 2023

Developmental Effects

Teratogenicity: Not available.

Embryotoxicity: Repeated dermal application of crude oils to pregnant rats produced

maternal toxicity and fetal developmental toxicity and fetal tumours. Benzene has caused adverse fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Toxicologically Synergistic Materials: Not available.

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

Persistence / Degradability: Not available.

Bioaccumulation / Accumulation: Not available.

Mobility in Environment: Not available.

Other Adverse Effects: Not available.

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Instructions: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national

and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more

stringent than regional or national requirements.

Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated.

Class: Not applicable.

UN Number: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Label Code: Not applicable.

Canada Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)

Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated.

Class: Not applicable.

UN Number: Not applicable.

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Label Code: Not applicable.

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

US (TSCA)

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.



Produced Water (Sour)

Date of Preparation: August 1, 2023

Canada (DSL)

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of the NSN Regulations under CEPA, 1999.

Federal Regulations

United States

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Component	Section 302 (EHS) TPQ (lbs.)	Section 304 EHS RQ (lbs.)	CERCLA RQ (lbs.)	Section 313	RCRA CODE	CAA 112(r) TQ (lbs.)
Hydrogen sulphide	500 ` ´	100`	100	313	U135	10000
Benzene	Not listed.	Not listed.	10	313	U019	Not listed.

State Regulations

Massachusetts

US Massachusetts Commonwealth's Right-to-Know Law (Appendix A to 105 Code of Massachusetts Regulations Section 670.000)

Maccachacotto regulatione occitor or cioco,		
Component	CAS No.	RTK List
Hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	Е
Petroleum	8002-05-9	Listed.
Renzene	71-43-2	F

Note: E = Extraordinarily Hazardous Substance

New Jersey

US New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act (New Jersey Statute Annotated Section 34:5A-5)

0001101101-0)		
Component	CAS No.	RTK List
Hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	SHHS
Petroleum	8002-05-9	SHHS
Benzene	71-43-2	SHHS

Note: SHHS = Special Health Hazard Substance

Pennsylvania

US Pennsylvania Worker and Community	Right-to-Know Law (34 Pa. Code	Chap. 301-323)
Component	CAS No.	RTK List
Hydrogen sulphide	7783-06-4	Е
Petroleum	8002-05-9	Listed.
Benzene	71-43-2	ES

Note: E = Environmental Hazard; S = Special Hazardous Substance



Produced Water (Sour)

Date of Preparation: August 1, 2023

California Prop 65:

WARNING This product can expose you to chemicals including Toluene, Benzene, Ethylbenzene, Hexane and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer:

The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for their own particular use.

Date of Preparation of SDS: August 1, 2023

Version: 1.0

GHS SDS Prepared by: Caledonian Midstream

Corporation